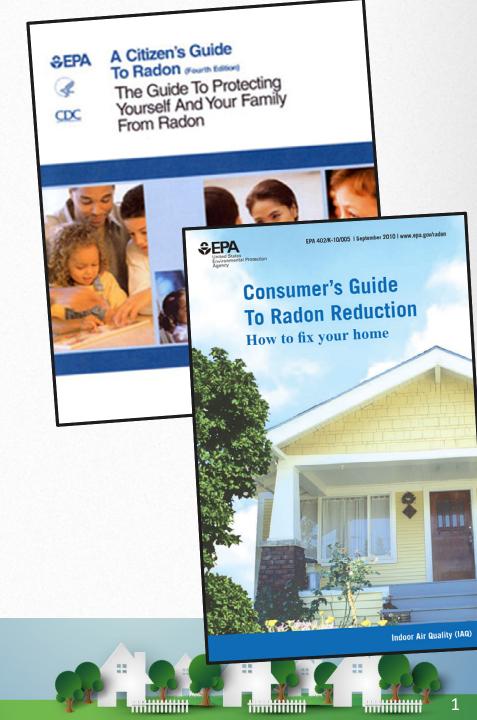
#### RADON

## Fixes for Existing Housing:

- √ Seal floor and cracks
- √ Vent from below slab
- ✓ Fan sucks air active system
- ✓ Sump suction reduces entry







#### FINDING A QUALIFIED RADON CONTRACTOR

Contact EPA

https://www.epa.gov/radon/find-information-about-local-radon-zones-and-state-contact-information#radonmap

Contact a private national proficiency programs





http://aarst-nrpp.com/wp/

http://www.nrsb.org/







#### **VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS**

#### **Educate for these simple steps:**

- 1. Don't use it if you don't have to.
- 2. Substitute a better product.
- 3. Store materials properly.
- 4. Ventilate.

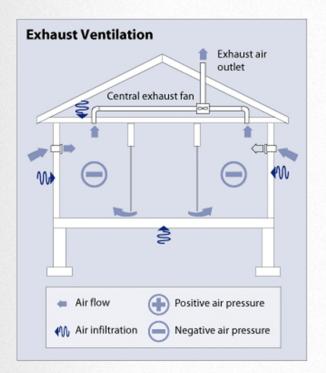








#### KEEP IT VENTILATION - STRATEGIES



Supply Ventilation

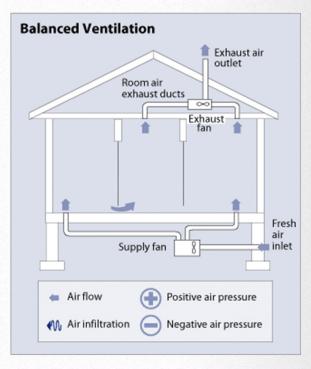
Fresh air inlet

Central supply fan

Positive air pressure

Air flow

Negative air pressure



**Exhaust Only** 

Supply Only

Balanced Exhaust and Supply







#### KEEP IT MAINTAINED INTERVENTIONS

- General maintenance is <u>essential</u>
- Addressing lead-based paint is <u>critical</u>.



#### **EPA** RENOVATION REPAIR AND PAINTING RULE (RRP)

Firms performing renovation, repair or painting projects that disturb lead-based paint in homes, child care facilities and pre-schools built before 1978 must:

- 1. Have their firm certified by EPA (or an EPA authorized state),
- 2. Use certified renovators who are trained by EPAapproved training providers and
- 3. Follow lead-safe work practices.

**Essentials** Manual







#### FIRM CERTIFICATION

#### Firms that require certification:

- Anyone paid to perform work that disturbs paint in housing and child-occupied facilities built before 1978 must be certified.
- Examples:
  - Residential rental property owners / managers
  - General contractors
  - Special trade contractors







#### LEAD-SAFE WORK PRACTICES

**BEFORE** renovation, firms must distribute EPA's Renovate Right booklet

#### **DURING** renovation

Examples of requirements:

- Work area must be contained to prevent dust and debris from leaving the work area
- There must be a thorough clean up followed by a procedure to verify that the work area is free of lead contamination.







#### WHAT IS YOUR RESPONSIBILITY AS AN HHE?

- Know if a house was built before 1978,
- Identify whether the property has deteriorated paint,
- Educate the resident about the RRP requirements





#### KEEP IT PEST-FREE INTERVENTIONS

## **Integrated Pest Management (IPM)**

- The best approach to managing pests
- HUD, CDC, EPA, the National Pest Management Association all consider it the best practice in managing pests
- Not new, unproven or radical
- HUD has implemented IPM since 1995





#### WHAT IS IPM?

Integrated – IPM uses multiple methods that work together, and have the least risk to people and the environment.

Pest – IPM is used for many pests. We'll cover cockroaches, mice, rats and bedbugs.

Management – you can't get rid of pests forever but you can successfully manage them.







# THE CONCEPT BEHIND IPM

Water

**Conducive Conditions** 

**Food** 

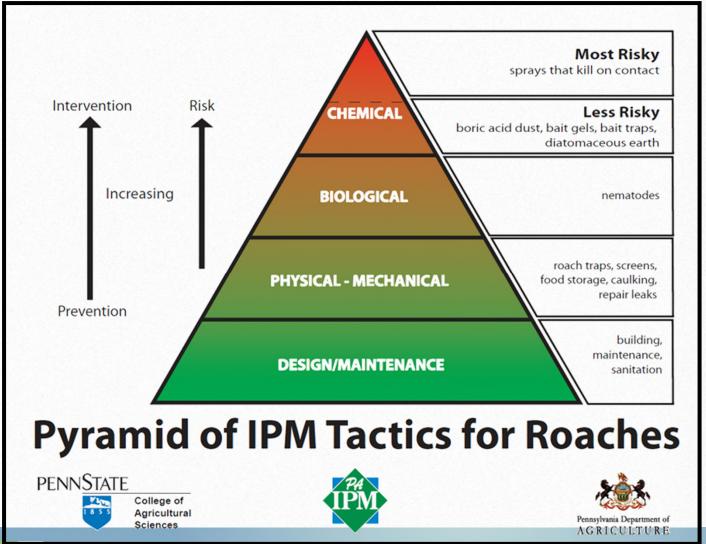
Nest/ Hide







#### **EXAMPLE: HANDLING ROACHES THE IPM WAY**











#### WHAT IS IPM?

## The IPM approach includes multiple, integrated tools:



**Educational** tools – educating residents to change behaviors so no available food, water or hiding places for pests in their house.



Physical tools – preventing pests from getting into a house (e.g. sealing up cracks in a foundation and / or using snap traps)



Chemical tools – using low-toxicity pesticides with limited exposure to people when using (e.g. cockroach bait stations)





## THE SIX STEPS OF IPM

Steps	Description
1. Inspection and Identification	Inspect the property and identify the pests.
2. Exclusion	Keep the pests out of the house.
3. Educate residents	Help residents understand their important role in managing pests.





## THE SIX STEPS OF IPM

Steps	Description
4. Sanitation	Make sure food, water and hiding places are not available to pests.
5. Physical and Chemical Control	Use glue traps (cockroaches), snap traps (mice), and rat traps. Use bait stations for cockroaches and insecticide dusts.
6. Monitoring	Use glue traps and snap traps to control pests and monitor property to make sure they haven't returned.





## PRIMARY BENEFITS OF IPM

#### It's Safer

By their very nature, pesticides are toxic. IPM minimizes the use of pesticides so people, animals and the environment are much less likely to be harmed.

#### It Works

For insects, conventional pest control primarily utilizes spraying, and sometimes fogging. The problem with these methods is that they only kill the insects they touch. What about those that are hidden?







#### 1. INSPECTION & IDENTIFICATION

- Thorough inspection
- Identification of pests found











#### **IDENTIFICATION RESOURCES**

- National Pest Management Association's (NPMA) Field Guide app for identifying pests. Go to Apple Store or Google Play Store to download (costs \$4.99).
- For cockroach identification, go to <a href="https://ecommons.cornell.edu/handle/1813/43848">https://ecommons.cornell.edu/handle/1813/43848</a>, click on "found-cockroach-bro-NYSIPM.pdf" under VIEW/OPEN.
- The University of Minnesota Cooperative Extension at: <a href="http://www.extension.umn.edu/garden/insects/find/insects-by-category/#household">http://www.extension.umn.edu/garden/insects/find/insects-by-category/#household</a>.
- The University of Kansas at: <a href="http://entomology.k-">http://entomology.k-</a>
   state.edu/extension/insect-information/household-pests.html





#### WHAT TO LOOK FOR AND WHERE TO LOOK

#### What to look for:

- The pest (dead or alive)
- Pest body parts (yes, eww)
- Droppings (also eww)
- Nests and burrows

#### Where to look:

- Near food and water sources
- Hidden places (e.g. behind an appliance)
- Near entry holes









Rat proofing did not work here...

Get down on the ground and look under the pipe...

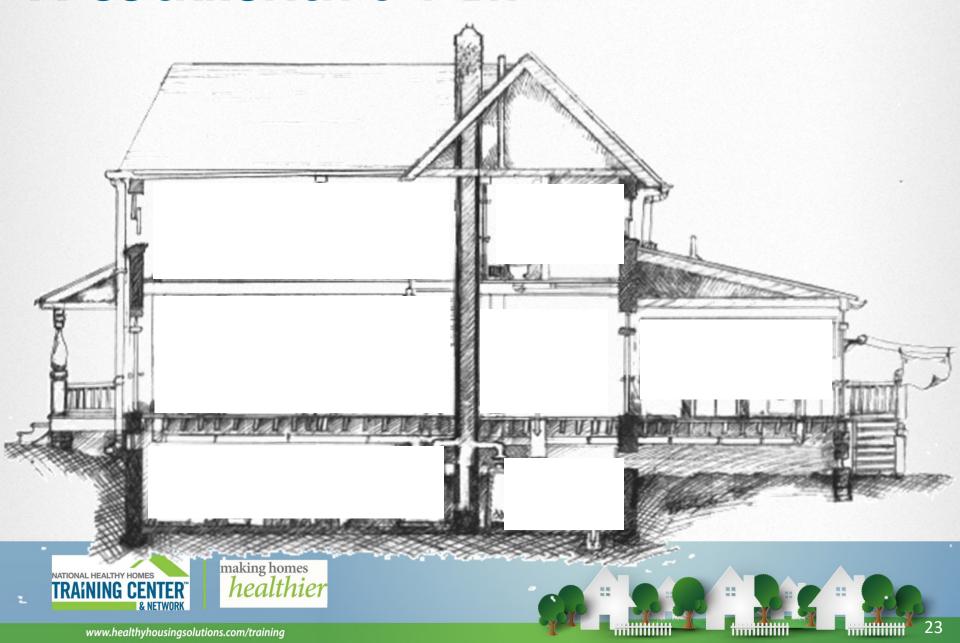




## A PERSON'S VIEW



## A COCKROACH'S VIEW

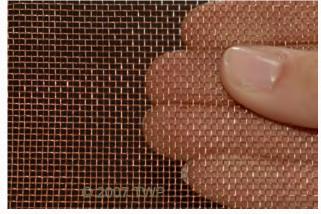


#### 2. EXCLUSION

#### **Examples:**

- Install door sweeps.
- Seal cracks and crevices with silicone caulk.
- Pack larger crevices with copper or stainless steel mesh.





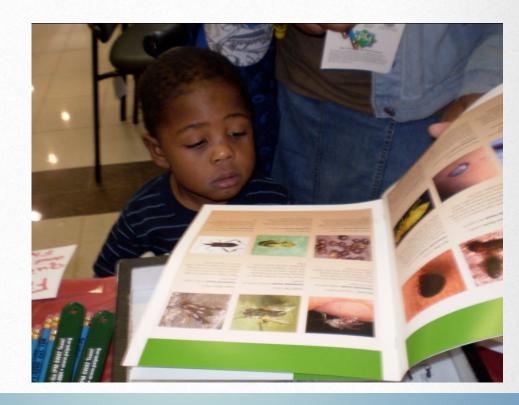






#### 3. EDUCATE RESIDENTS

- Residents can make or break an IPM effort
- Facilities staff and pest management professionals are important for multifamily buildings







#### 4. SANITATION

Photo: City of Houston Bureau of Children's and **Environmental Health** 



- FoodWater
- Harborage







#### A NOTE ON WATER

Essential for insects & rats, but not

for mice or bedbugs

- Mosquitoes
- Structural damage



Photo: City of Houston Bureau of Children's and Environmental Health







#### 5. PHYSICAL CONTROL

- Traps
- Baits and gels
- Inert dusts
- Insect growth regulators













#### BE AWARE OF ILLEGAL AND RISKY PESTICIDES

- Pesticides that look like candy - mothballs
- "Miraculous" Chinese
   Insecticide chalk
- "Tres Pasitos"
- Many pesticide have been withdrawn

















#### **EPA SIGNAL WORDS FOR POISONS**





**CAUTION** means the pesticide product is slightly toxic if eaten, absorbed through the skin, inhaled, or it causes slight eye or skin irritation.



**WARNING** indicates the pesticide product is moderately toxic if eaten, absorbed through the skin, inhaled, or it causes moderate eye or skin irritation.



**DANGER** means that the pesticide product is highly toxic by at least one route of exposure. It may be corrosive, causing irreversible damage to the skin or eyes. Alternatively, it may be highly toxic if eaten, absorbed through the skin, or inhaled.



If this is the case, then the word "POISON" must also be included in red letters on the front panel of the product label.





#### 6. MONITORING FOR COCKROACHES

- Keep looking to spot reinfestations
- Place glue traps in corners
  - Behind appliances
  - Under sink
  - Under cover!
- Date and mark
- Don't disturb









#### 6. MONITORING FOR RODENTS

- Use snap traps
- Place in corners, along runways and in tight dark spaces
- Check daily
- Increase trapping if monitors indicate activity
- Always have monitors for insects and rodents in place











#### THE PANIC OF BED BUGS

- Can be avoided and eliminated
- Every skin irritation or bite is not bed bugs
- You can see them.
- Do not cause or spread diseases.







#### **BED BUG - TREATMENT**

- Inspection
- Vacuum
- Heat or cold
- Pesticides by PCO only
- Re-inspection and retreatment
- Encasements and interceptors







1.

2.

3.













7.		
0		
8.		
9.		







10.

11.

12.







10.

11.

12.





